

HECI GLRI

Fish Habitat Enhancement Strategies for the Huron-Erie Corridor





Coauthors

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Huron-Erie Corridor Initiative Background

- Partnership established in 2005
- Purpose: Provide relevant new science that will assist resource managers in making decisions concerning restoration of native aquatic species and their habitats in the HEC.

About the HEC

- Long history of degradation of fish & wildlife habitat in the HEC
- Historic importance of the area for fish & wildlife





- Define initial team
- Define scope, vision, targets
- Identify critical threats
- · Complete situation analysis

5. Capture and Share Learning

- Document learning
- Share learning
- Create learning environment

Conservation
Measures
Partnership
Open Standards

2. Plan Actions and Monitoring

- Develop goals, strategies, assumptions, and objectives
- Develop monitoring plan
- · Develop operational plan

4. Analyze, Use, Adapt

- · Prepare data for analysis
- Analyze results
- Adapt strategic plan

3. Implement Actions and Monitoring

- Develop work plan and timeline
- Develop and refine budget
- Implement plans

Restore Fisheries Productivity

Remediation of BUIs

Ecosystem Integrity

Fisheries Management

Watershed Health

Conceptual Theme Areas

- Native species restoration
- Exotic species control
- Watershed processes
- Conservation Biology and Genetics
 - RT&E, stock concept
- Predictive modeling
- Beach health
- Long-term standardized monitoring
- Fish community goals and objectives
- Importance for adjoining GLs
- Communication and outreach

Collaborative Goals

- To create diverse aquatic habitats and restore native species
- To develop and implement habitat restoration strategies
- To identify and define dominant ecological drivers that create complex and diverse habitats
- To define physical attributes for diverse aquatic habitats and characterize use by native species

Key Uncertainties

- Current quality and quantity of fish reproductive habitat in the HEC?
- Knowledge of which fish are using the HEC for reproduction, and other components of their life history?
- How is fish use of the HEC linked to fisheries population dynamics in adjoining Great Lakes?
- Which ecological drivers are dominant forces that create diverse and complex habitats?

Principle Hypotheses

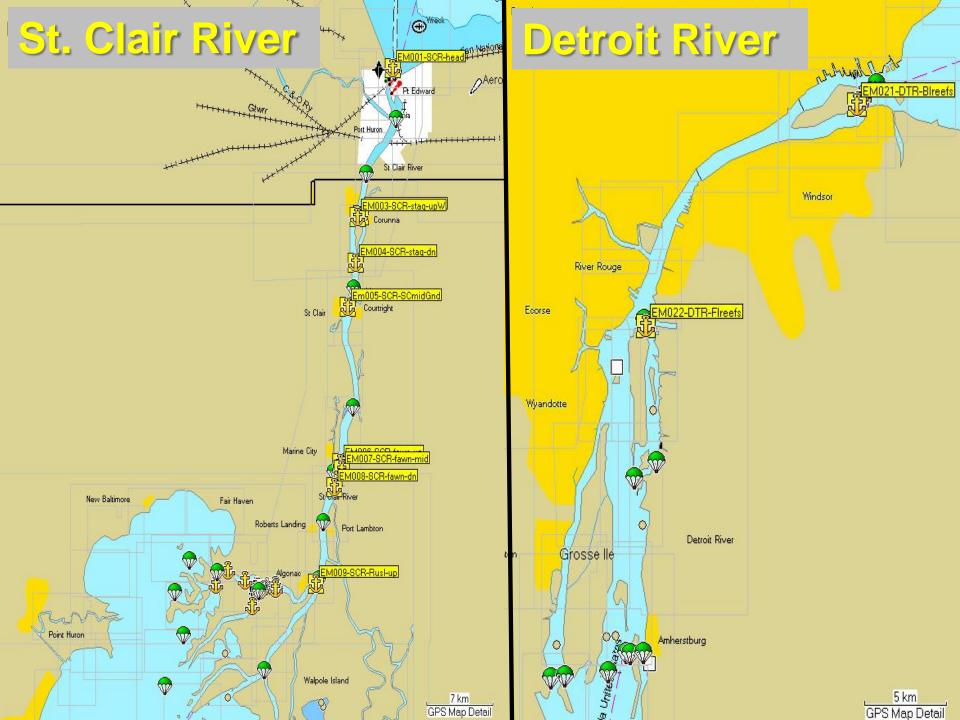
- Production potential of native fish species in Lakes Huron and Erie is limited by the quantity/quality of spawning and nursery habitats in the HEC.
- A diversity of spawning and nursery habitats is necessary for the maintenance of fish stock diversity and for promotion of population and community resiliency.
- Restoration of spawning and nursery habitats is a viable management option for increasing ecosystem integrity and fish population sustainability, conserving the genetic diversity of native fish species, and for rehabilitating rare, threatened, or endangered species.

Science Objectives

- Identify and define dominant ecological drivers that create complex and diverse habitats
- Define physical attributes for diverse aquatic habitats and characterize use by native species.
- Compare current and historical patterns (1850s) in connectivity between spawning and nursery habitats.
- Compare the quality of fringe versus downstream delta habitats for juvenile fish.
- Evaluate fish use of natural and constructed spawning habitats.

Approach

- Intensive field collections
 - Fish spawning and nursery habitat
 - Throughout the corridor
 - Multidisciplinary and interjurisdictional
- Pre construction assessment
 - Middle channel St. Clair River spawning area
- Post construction monitoring
 - Fighting Island and Belle Isle reefs
- Physical and predictive modeling
 - Hydrology, fish production and distribution







More Information

http://huron-erie.org/



http://www.epa.gov/greatlakes/glri/



http://www.glsc.usgs.gov/

HEC session at IAGLR 2011 - Duluth